

514.1+744

In the articles executed an analytical ground of construction of outlines of forms of wild-life and research is on the basis of geometrical triad.

Keywords: *geometrical triad, outlines, curves of Steiner, wandering center of transformation, egg of turkey, approximation, three-lobe , direct-double sheet, single direct sheet, oval of Myunger, triad determinant.*

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«10 », «

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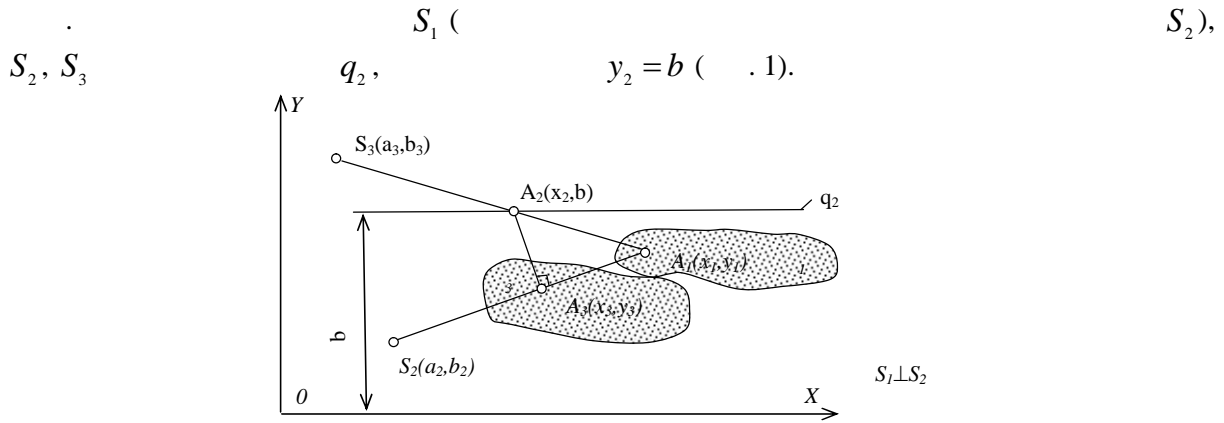
:« ...

; , » [4].

[4].

(,) [1; 2; 3; 5].

[2]



. 1.

$Ox, b - , Ox, |b|,$

$A_1(x_1, y_1)$

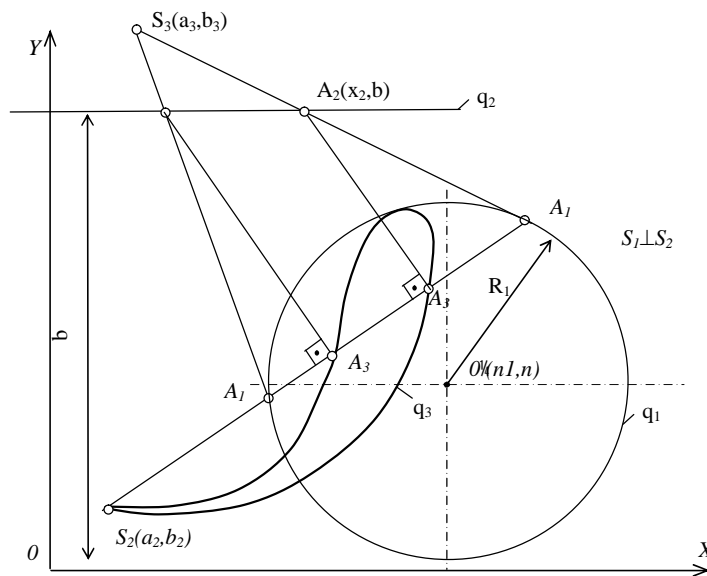
$A_3(x_3, y_3)$ $_3 (\cdot 1).$

$$x_3 = \frac{(x_1 - a_2)^2 \cdot [(a_3 - x_1) \cdot b - a_3 y_1 + b_3 x_1] - (b_3 - y_1)(b_2 - y_1)[(x_1 - a_2) \cdot b - a_2 y_1 + b_2 x_1]}{(b_3 - y_1)[(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2]} \quad (1)$$

$$y_3 = \frac{(b_2 - y_1)(b - x_1 + a_2)[(a_3 - x_1) \cdot b - a_3 y_1 + b_3 x_1] - (b_3 - y_1)^2 [(x_1 - a_2)(a_2 y_1 - b_2 x_1)]}{(b_3 - y_1)[(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2]} \quad (2)$$

(1; 2) $(x - m)^2 + (y - n)^2 = R_1^2,$

. 2.



. 2.

$m \quad n.$

$a_2, b_2, a_3, b_3,$

(1; 2)

$A_1 \quad A_3.$

$q_2 \quad -$

$Ox.$

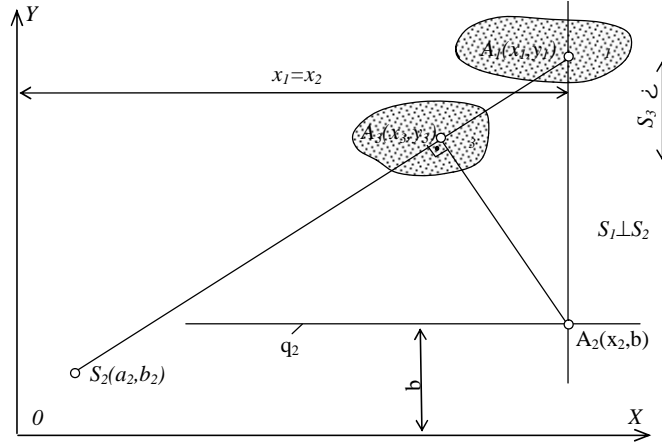
$y = b,$

S_3

$Oy \quad (S_3 \infty).$

$Oy \quad ($

3)



. 3.

(1; 2)

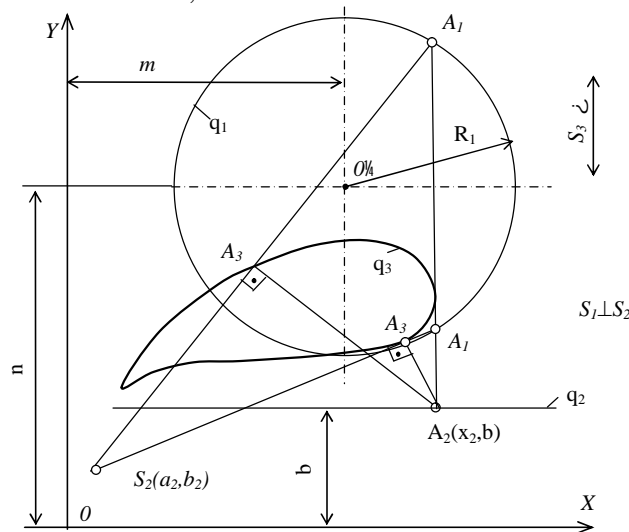
$$x_3 = \frac{(x_1 - a_2)^2 \cdot x_2 - (x_1 - a_2)(b_2 - y_1)b + (b_2 - y_1)(a_2 y_1 - b_2 x_1)}{(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2}, \quad (3)$$

$$y_3 = \frac{(y_1 - b_2) \cdot b - (b_2 - y_1)(x_1 - a_2) \cdot x_2 - (x_1 - a_2)(a_2 y_1 - b_2 x_1)}{(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2}, \quad (4)$$

$x_2 = x_1.$

(3; 4) $(x - m)^2 + (y - n)^2 = R_1^2,$

. 4.



. 4.

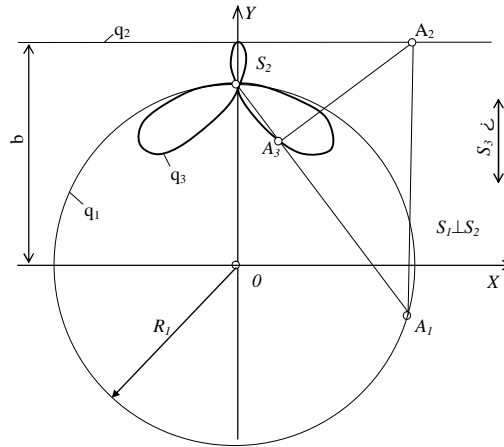
$$\begin{aligned} & \left\{ (x_1 - a_2)^2 \cdot x_2 - (x_1 - a_2)(b_2 - y_1)b + (b_2 - y_1)(a_2 y_1 - b_2 x_1) - m[(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2] \right\}^2 + \\ & + \left\{ (a_2 - x_1)(a_2 y_1 - b_2 x_1) - (b_2 - y_1)b - (b_2 - y_1)(x_1 - a_2)x_2 - n[(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2] \right\}^2 - \\ & - R_1^2 [(b_2 - y_1)^2 + (x_1 - a_2)^2]^2 = 0 \quad . \quad (5) \end{aligned}$$

(5) $a_2 = 0, m = 0, n = 0$, $x_1 = x_2$ (. 3).
 Oy

:
 $[x^3 - (b - y)(b - b_2)x]^2 + [b_2 x^2 - (b_2 - y)(b - x^2)]^2 - R_1^2 [(b_2 - y)^2 + x^2]^2 = 0. \quad (6)$

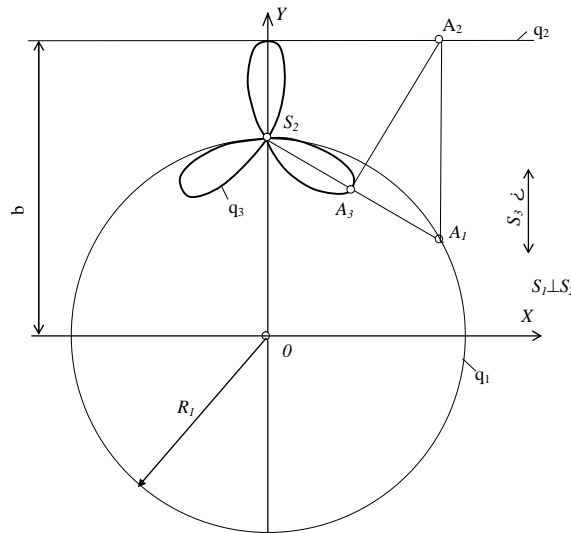
(6) $b_2 = R_1,$

1 $\frac{1}{2} R_1 > b > R_1$ (. 5);



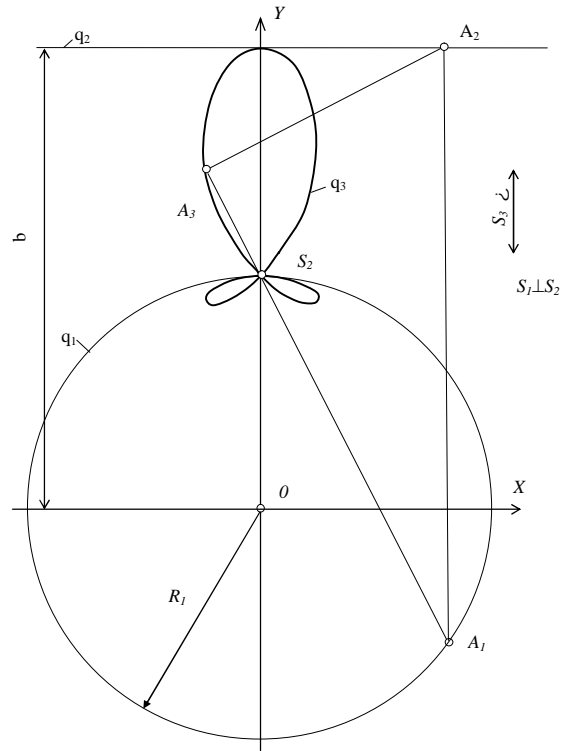
. 5.

, $b = 1 \frac{1}{2} R_1$ (. 6);



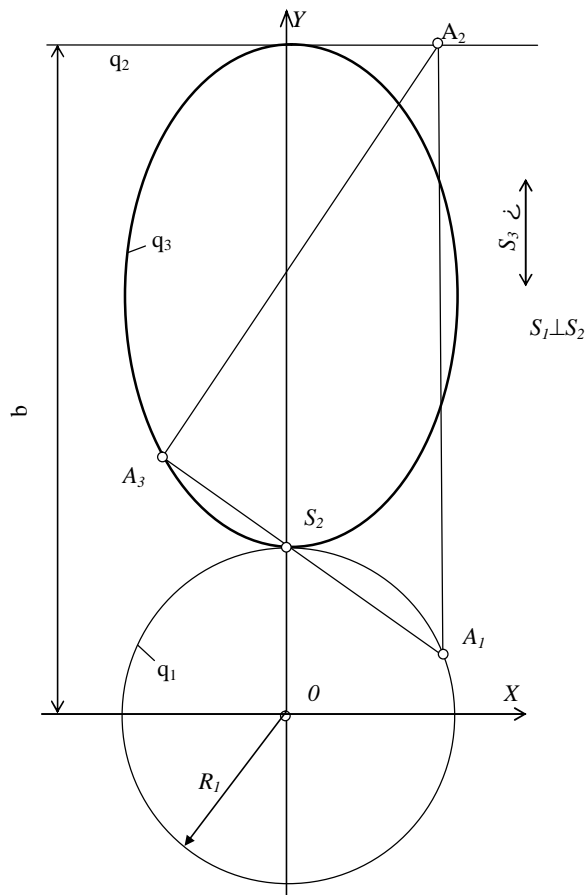
. 6.

1 $\frac{1}{2} R_1 > b > 4R_1$ (. 7);



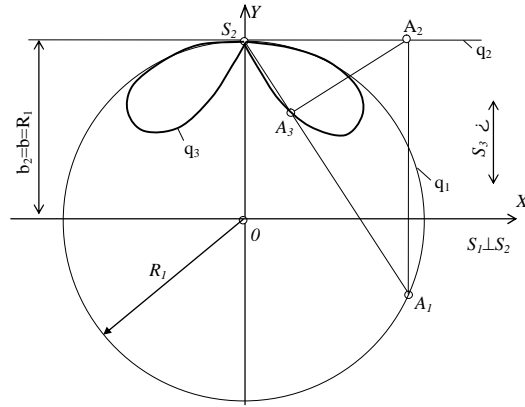
.7.

$b = 4R_1$ (. 8);



.8.

$b_2 = b = R_1$ (. 9).



. 9.

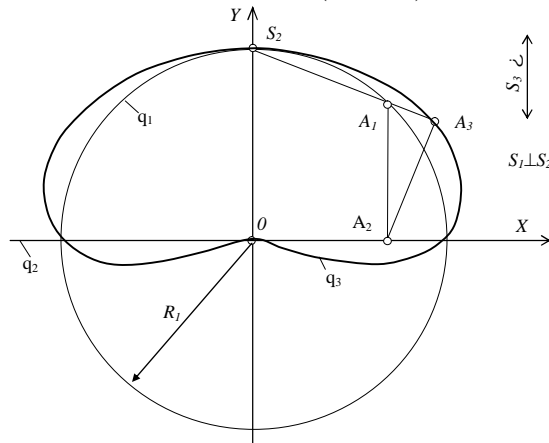
$b_2 = R_1$

q_3

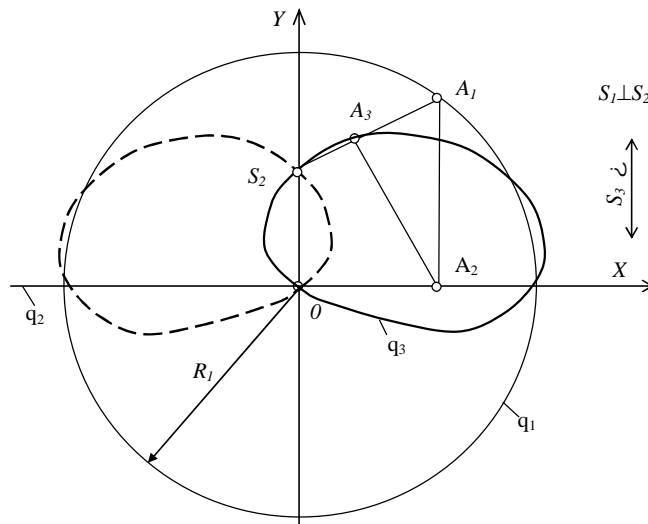
(6) $b = 0, 0 < b_2 \leq R_1, b = 0$

(. 10), $b = 0, R_1 > b_2 > 0$

(. 11).



. 10.



. 11.

(5) $b = b_2 = 0.$

12...15

q_3

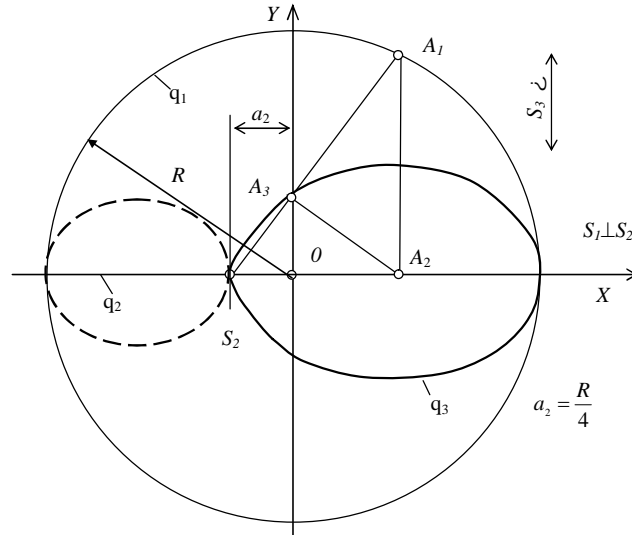
:

$$(x^2 + y^2)^3 - 2ax^3(x^2 - y^2) + (a^2 - R_1^2)x^4 = 0. \tag{7}$$

$$0 < a < R_1, \quad a = R \frac{1}{4},$$

(. 12).

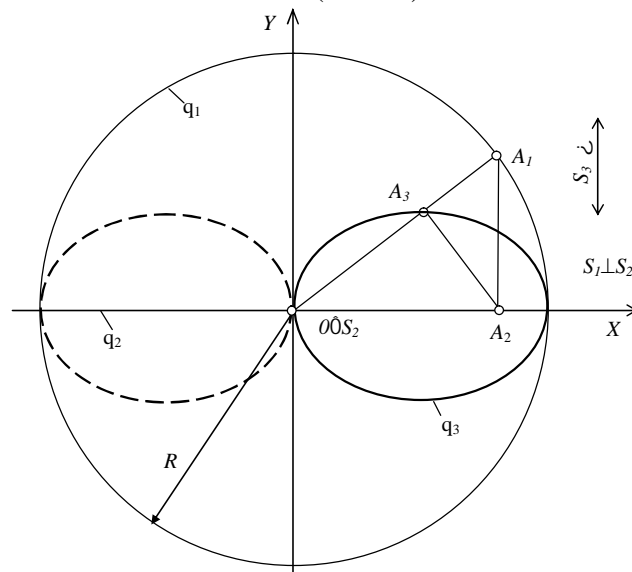
q_3 ,



. 12.

(7) $a = 0$

(. 13)



. 13.

$$(x^2 + y^2)^3 - R_1^2 x^4 = 0. \tag{8}$$

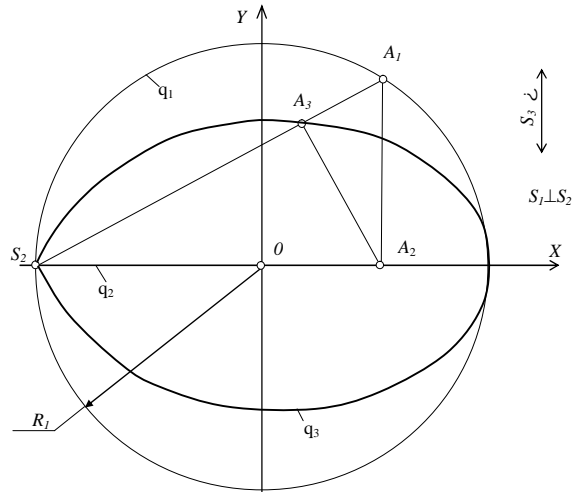
$$a = R_1, \quad (. 14):$$

$$(x^2 + y^2)^3 - 2R_1 x^3(x^2 - y^2) = 0. \tag{9}$$

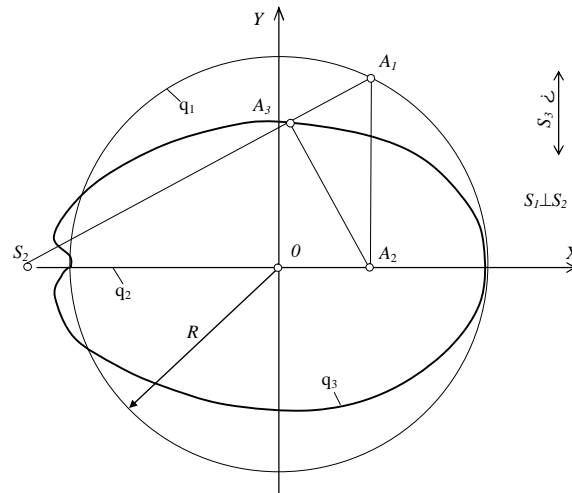
$$a > R_1, \quad q_3, \quad q_2,$$

(. 15).

1.



. 14.



. 15.

- 2. , -
- 3. . -

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2. : . . 680919 . .² 43
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3. , . . / . . - . : , 1969.

4. / . . . - , . : -
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5. , . : / . . , . . -
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