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, Matlab.

Simulink

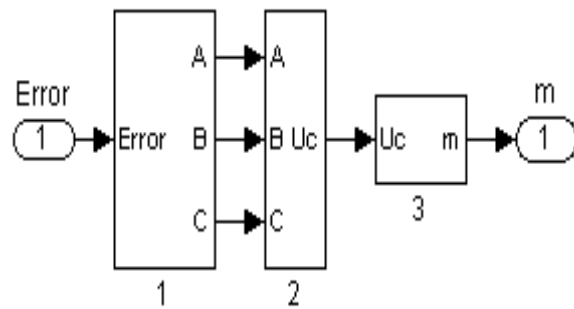
MATLAB.

Fuzzy Logic Toolbox

[3]

MATLAB

, [1, 2].



.1. -

MATLAB.

$$U = [0,1]$$

(.2):

1 - $A(t), B(t), C(t)$
 2 - $(t), (t), (t)$

$$\mu_1(u) = \frac{1-2u}{1-2a}, u \in [0,1]; \quad \mu_2(u) = \frac{2u-1}{1-2a}, u \in [0,1];$$

$$\mu_3(u) = \begin{cases} 2u, & u \in [0,1/2]; \\ 2(1-u), & u \in [1/2,1]. \end{cases}$$

$u_c (u_c -$

$U = [0,1]$, 3 -

$A(t), B(t) (t)$
 $(t), (t), (t)$

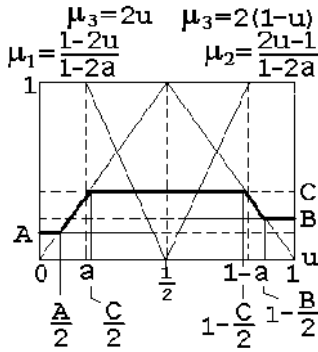
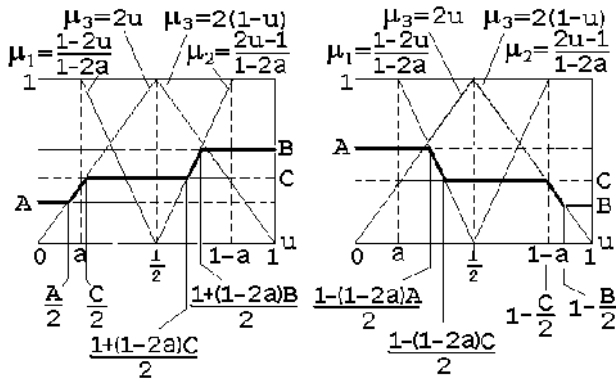
$A(t), B(t), C(t),$

$A(t), B(t), C(t)$

$u_c,$

u_c

2.



.2.

$A \leq C \leq B$

(.2.)

$$u_c = \frac{A \int_0^{A/2} u du + 2 \int_{A/2}^{C/2} u^2 du + C \int_{C/2}^{1/2+(1-2a)C/2} u du + \int_{1/2+(1-2a)C/2}^{1/2+(1-2a)B/2} \frac{2u-1}{1-2a} u du + B \int_{1/2+(1-2a)B/2}^1 u du}{A \int_0^{A/2} du + 2 \int_{A/2}^{C/2} u du + C \int_{C/2}^{1/2+(1-2a)C/2} du + \int_{1/2+(1-2a)C/2}^{1/2+(1-2a)B/2} \frac{2u-1}{1-2a} du + B \int_{1/2+(1-2a)B/2}^1 du} \quad (1)$$

$$u_c = \frac{(3B+)/8 - (1-2a)(B^2 - C^2)/8 + A^3/24 - (1-2a)^2 B^3/24 - a(1-a)C^3/6}{(B+C)/2 + A^2/4 - (1-2a)B^2/4 - aC^2/2} \quad (2)$$

$A \geq C \geq B$
(.2.)

$$u_c = \frac{A \int_0^{a(1-A)} u du + \int_{a(1-A)}^{a(1-C)} 1 - \frac{u}{a} u du + C \int_{a(1-C)}^{1-C/2} u du + 2 \int_{1-B/2}^1 (1-u) u du + B \int_{1-B/2}^1 u du}{A \int_0^{a(1-A)} du + \int_{a(1-A)}^{a(1-C)} 1 - \frac{u}{a} du + C \int_{a(1-C)}^{1-C/2} du + 2 \int_{1-B/2}^1 (1-u) du + B \int_{1-B/2}^1 du} \quad (3)$$

$$u_c = \frac{(A+3C)/8 - (1-2a)A^2/8 + B^2/4 - (1+2a)C^2/8 + (1-2a)^2 A^3/24 - B^3/24 + a(1-a)C^3/6}{(A+C)/2 - (1-2a)A^2/4 + B^2/4 - aC^2/2} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{cases} A \leq B \leq C \\ B \leq A \leq C \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

$$u_c = \frac{C/2 + (B^2 - C^2)/4 + (A^3 - B^3)/24}{C + (A^2 + B^2 - 2C^2)/4} \quad \begin{cases} A \leq B \leq C \\ B \leq A \leq C \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

$m^* = m_{\min}(1 - 2u)$

$u_c = 0,4845$	$=0,3$	$=0,2$	$C=0,4$	$a=0,1$
$u_c = 0,5155$	$=0,2$	$=0,3$	$C=0,4$	$a=0,1$
$u_c = 0,4475$	$=0,4$	$=0,2$	$C=0,3$	$a=0,1$
$u_c = 0,5525$	$=0,2$	$=0,4$	$C=0,3$	$a=0,1$

(t), (t), (t)
Product
(2), (4), (6).
Product1

(4) $A \geq C \geq B$. **Product2**

u_c

(6) $\begin{cases} A \leq B \leq C \\ B \leq A \leq C \end{cases}$

Switch2
Switch3
Switch2

$A \leq C \leq B$

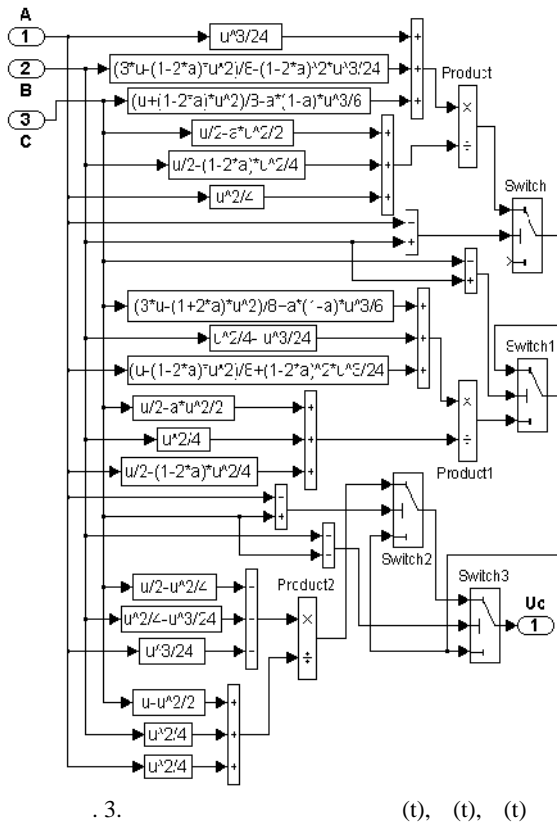
Product,

$A \geq C \geq B$

Product1

$\begin{cases} A \leq B \leq C \\ B \leq A \leq C \end{cases}$

Product2.



. 3.

(t), (t), (t)

u_c

Switch **Switch1**
 $A \leq C \leq B$,

(**Switch** **Switch1**
Threshold=0.000001). $A \geq C \geq B$,

Switch1

Switch

Switch2

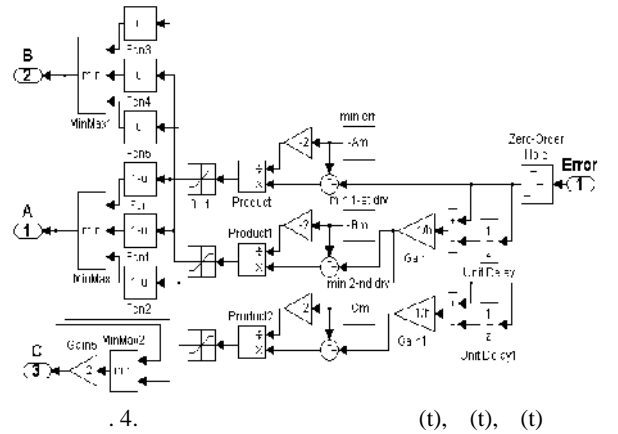
Switch3
 $\begin{cases} A \leq B \leq C \\ B \leq A \leq C \end{cases}$

Switch2 **Switch3** **Threshold=0.000001).**

$A \leq C \leq B$,
Switch2

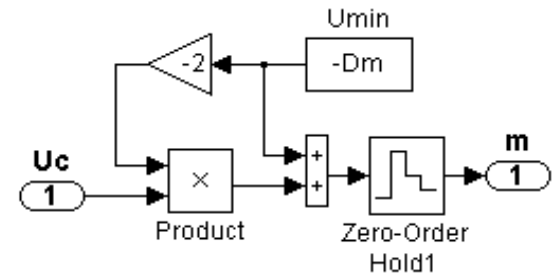
Switch3
Switch2
Switch3
 $A \geq C \geq B$,
Switch3 c

. 1,
(t), (t), (t) u_c (2 . 1),
. 3,
(t), (t), (t) (1 . 1).
2
(t), (t), (t)
(3 . 1)
[4] (. . 4 5).



. 4.

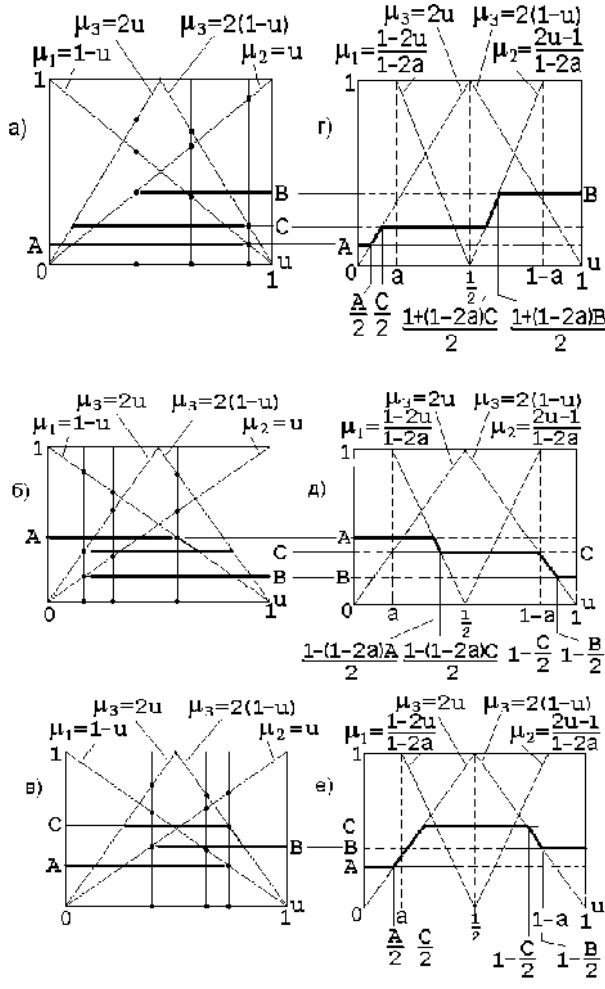
(t), (t), (t)



. 5.

(. 1).
(t), (t), (t) (1
. 4,
(t), (t), (t) u_c (2
. 1), . 3,

(3 . 1), (.5, .6.)



.6.

$$A_m = \theta_{\max} = -\theta_{\min}; \quad B_m = \dot{\theta}_{\max} = -\dot{\theta}_{\min};$$

$$C_m = \ddot{\theta}_{\max} = -\ddot{\theta}_{\min}.$$

[4]:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} A &= \min[\mu_1(u_1^*), \mu_1(u_2^*), \mu_1(u_3^*)]; \\ B &= \min[\mu_2(u_1^*), \mu_2(u_2^*), \mu_2(u_3^*)]; \\ C &= \min[\mu_3(u_1^*), \mu_3(u_2^*), \mu_3(u_3^*)]. \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (8)$$

(.6)

$$\mu_1(u) = \frac{1-2u}{1-2a}, \quad u \in [0,1]; \quad \mu_2(u) = \frac{2u-1}{1-2a}, \quad u \in [0,1];$$

$$\mu_3(u) = \begin{cases} 2u, & u \in [0, 1/2]; \\ 2(1-u), & u \in [1/2, 1]. \end{cases}$$

(t) (t)

$$u_c \quad (2), (4), (6).$$

$$m^* = m_{\min}(1-2u) = -D_m(1-2u).$$

$$u_1(t), \quad u_2(t), \quad u_3(t) \quad (t), \quad (t), \quad C(t)$$

(t), (t), (t)

$$\theta^*, \dot{\theta}^*, \ddot{\theta}^*$$

h,

$$u_1^*, u_2^*, u_3^*$$

$$\mu_1(u) = 1-u, \quad u \in [0,1];$$

$$\mu_2(u) = u, \quad u \in [0,1];$$

$$\mu_3(u) = \begin{cases} 2u, & u \in [0, 1/2]; \\ 2(1-u), & u \in [1/2, 1]. \end{cases}$$

$$u_1^*, u_2^*, u_3^* \quad [4]$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} u_1^* &= (\theta^* + A_m)/(2A_m); \\ u_2^* &= (\dot{\theta}^* + B_m)/(2B_m); \\ u_3^* &= (\ddot{\theta}^* + C_m)/(2C_m). \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (7)$$

1. " MATLAB. , 2001. - 480 .

2. . . C

3. " , 2005.-708 .

4. . . .73-84. // . - 2007. - 6.-

4. " , 2008. - 972 .

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(. . .5) : - . , . . . « ».

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_m &= \theta_{\max} = -\theta_{\min}; & B_m &= \dot{\theta}_{\max} = -\dot{\theta}_{\min}; \\
 C_m &= \ddot{\theta}_{\max} = -\ddot{\theta}_{\min} & & (.4) \\
 D_m &= m_{\max} = -m_{\min}
 \end{aligned}$$

PLANNING OF FUZZY CONTROLLER IS AT PART TRIANGULAR MEMBERSHIP FUNCTIONS OF DIVIDED WITH THREE THERMS AND LIMITATION

V.I. Gostev, N.I. Kunakh

Analytical expressions for controlling actions on an output of an fuzzy controller are received at divided triangular membership functions with three terms, questions of designing of an fuzzy controller are stated and the practical basic scheme of an fuzzy controller is offered.

Keywords: fuzzy controller, the membership functions, terms, fuzzy logic, Matlab.